Palladium(II)-Catalyzed Ortho-Arylation of Benzylic Phosphonic Monoesters Using Potassium Aryltrifluoroborates

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Supporting Information

ABSTRACT: The new monophosphonic acid directing group was successfully utilized in the Pd (II)-catalyzed orthoarylation of benzylic phosphonic monoesters using potassium aryltrifluoroborates. A wide range of benzylic phosphonic monoesters underwant clean ortho arylation in high yields and arg



monoesters underwent clean ortho-arylation in high yields, and excellent functional group tolerance was also observed.

INTRODUCTION

Organophosphonates have attracted considerable attention due to their wide applications in organic chemistry, medicinal chemistry, and material science.¹ A particularly important class of organophosphonates is benzylic phosphonates, which are common structural motifs in biological chemistry² and have already become a powerful tool in construction of alkene derivatives via the Horner–Wadsworth–Emmons reaction in organic synthesis.³

During recent decades, significant progress in transition metal-catalyzed C–H bond activation methodology has been made for ortho-functionalizations of arenes.⁴ In particular, a directing group-based C–H activation approach has flourished in the construction of new C–C and C–heteroatom bonds. Among various ortho-directing groups, carbonyl derivatives are widely utilized along with N-derived groups.^{5,6} Despite many available ortho-directing groups, the development of new, efficient directing groups still constitutes an important synthetic challenge.

In connection with our interest in C–H functionalization of arenes, we have reported Pd(II)-catalyzed ortho-alkenylation using new monophosphoric acid directing groups.^{7,8} As extension of our work, we have investigated ortho-arylation of benzylic phosphonate monoesters. In analogous studies, Yu reported the Pd(II)-catalyzed ortho-arylation of benzylic acids using arylboron reagents and also found remarkable beneficial effects of amino acid ligands.⁹

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Recently, we have succeeded in achieving Pd(II)-catalyzed ortho-arylation of **1a** using diaryliododium triflates.^{10a} To achieve arylation of aryl benzylic phosphonates, when the same reaction was attempted using **1b**, somewhat surprisingly, Ophenylation occurred to some extent without the formation of **2b** (Scheme 1). O-Arylation of phenols using diaryliodonium triflates was recently noted.¹¹ The reaction was sensitive to the oxidant used, and the desired product **2b** was not formed in any cases. To achieve ortho-arylation, we next screened several organoboron reagents using 10 mol % $Pd(OAc)_2$ catalyst and

Scheme 1. Reaction of 1a and 1b with Ph₂IOTf



AgOAc oxidant (3 equiv) in refluxing dioxane. As shown in Table 1, phenylation occurred to some extent using reagent I (entries 1 and 2), but reagent II, III, and IV were totally ineffective and no reaction occurred (entries 3, 4, and 5). Inspired by recent reports on the C-H arylation of phenylacetic acids,⁹ we next used potassium aryltrifluoroborate salts as a coupling partner but the initial result was not very promising.^{12,13} The ortho-arylation of 4 using PhBF₃K in refluxing tert-amyl alcohol did not go to completion, yielding a 70:30 mixture of 4 and 5 (entry 6). The reaction was accelerated significantly in the presence of an amino acid ligand, but the nature of amino acid ligands did not influence the reaction greatly. Furthermore, poor mono-substitutions together with some remaining starting materials were noted (entries 7–10). Among the bases tested in this study, KHF_2 gave the best result, although the starting material was not consumed completely (entries 11-13).

To search for the optimum condition, when **1b** was treated with PhBF₃K using 10 mol % Pd(OAc)₂ catalyst, 20 mol % Ac-Val-OH ligand, and AgOAc oxidant in refluxing *tert*-butyl alcohol for 24 h, a 63:32 mixture of **2b** and **1b** was obtained (entry 1, Table 2). Ag₂O oxidant was equally effective (entry 2), and Boc-Val-OH ligand was slightly less effective (entry 3). After many futile experiments to search for the completion of the reaction, the effectiveness of other Pd(II) catalysts was investigated. PdCl₂ was inferior to Pd(OAc)₂ (entry 4), whereas PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ was equally effective as Pd(OAc)₂ but was not good enough to be used (entry 5). Gratifyingly,

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Table 1. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

entry b	ooron reagent ^a	ligand (20 mol %)	additive (1 equiv)	co-oxidant (2 equiv)	solvent	yield $(\%)^b$ (5:6:4) ^c
1	I	-	-	_	DMF	20:0:80
2	I	-	K ₂ HPO ₄	BQ	dioxane	30:0:70
3	II	-	K ₂ HPO ₄	BQ	dioxane	0:0:100
4	III	-	K ₂ HPO ₄	BQ	dioxane	0:0:100
5	IV	-	-	-	dioxane	0:0:100
6	V	-	KHCO3	BQ	^t amylOH	30:0:70 ^d
7	V	Boc-Ala-OH	КНСО ₃	_	^t BuOH	35:15:50
8	V	Boc-Val-OH	КНСО ₃	-	^t BuOH	42:29:29
9	V	Boc-Ile-OH·0.5 H ₂ O	КНСО ₃	_	^t BuOH	50:23:27
10	V	Ac-Val-OH	KHCO3		^t BuOH	43:32:25
11	v	Ac-Val-OH	K ₂ HPO ₄	-	^t BuOH	39:13:48
12	V	Ac-Val-OH	Li ₂ CO ₃	_	^t BuOH	38:20:42
13	v	Ac-Val-OH	KHF ₂	-	^t BuOH	57:25:18
Structures of b	oron reagents:					

Pd(OAc)₂ (10 mol %),

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^bThe yield and ratio was determined by ¹H NMR analysis. ^cThe mixture was converted to its methyl ester with diazomethane. ^dThe reaction was carried out using Ag_2CO_3 (2 equiv) at 130 °C for 24 h.

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l 1b	O P-OMe OH + Ph (3 e	Cat., Lig Solvent, BF ₃ K <u>110 °C,</u> equiv)	jand, Oxidant, KHF ₂ (1 equi 24 h	v), 2 b	O P_OMe OH `Ph
ontry	cat (10 mal %)	ligand	oxidant	colvont	yield $(\%)^a$
entry	cat. (10 moi %)	(20 1101 %)	(2 equiv)	solvent	(20:10)
1	$Pd(OAc)_2$	Ac-Val-OH	AgOAc	'BuOH	63:32
2	$Pd(OAc)_2$	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	65:26
3	$Pd(OAc)_2$	Boc-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	49:43
4	PdCl ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	11:76
5	PdCl ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	62:27
6	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	85:8 ^b
7	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	_	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	62:28
8	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Boc-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	^t BuOH	60:34
9	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	AgOAc	^t BuOH	23:70
10	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ CO ₃	^t BuOH	10:81
11	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	$Na_2S_2O_8$	^t BuOH	0:100
12	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	$Cu(OAc)_2$	^t BuOH	0:100
13	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	DMSO	12:80
14	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	toluene	35:21
15	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	dioxane	36:17
16	PdCl ₂ (PEt ₃) ₂	Ac-Val-OH	Ag ₂ O	DMF	62:30
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Table 2. Optimization of Reaction Conditions

^aThe yield and ratio was determined by ¹H NMR analysis. ^b**2b** was converted to its methyl ester **2c** with diazomethane.

 $PdCl_2(PEt_3)_2$ catalyst was found to be most effective for arylation of **1b** under the same conditions (entry 6).¹⁴ Among the oxidants tested in this study, $Na_2S_2O_8$ and $Cu(OAc)_2$ were totally ineffective (entries 11 and 12) and Ag_2O gave the best results (entry 6). Furthermore, the reaction was sensitive to solvent, and *tert*-butyl alcohol was found to be the superior solvent (entries 13–16).

After establishing the optimal reaction conditions, we applied this new arylation protocol to a series of benzylic phosphonic monoesters as shown in Table 3. For facile purification, the crude arylated products were methylated using diazomethane to furnish the corresponding methyl esters 8. The reaction was not influenced significantly by either electron-donating or electron-withdrawing groups on the arenes. For instance, substrates bearing electron-donating groups (Me and OMe) were converted to the arylated products in good to excellent yields (8a-e). However, the position of the substituents on the arenes could not be ignored on the transformation. Undoubtly, monoarylated products were obtained if the ortho position was blocked (8a, 8d). In the case of meta-substituted phosphonic acids, the reaction occurred at the less sterically hindered position to give the only monoarylated products (8b, 8e). When the reaction was carried out with methyl hydrogen phenylphosphonate (7c) using 1.1 equiv of PhBF₃K, a 51:15 mixture of 8c and 9c along with recovery of 7c (23%). For para-substituted substrate 7i, a similar result was obtained. The o- and m-chloro-substituted substrates underwent orthophenylation cleanly, giving the desired products (8f, 8g, 8h) in high yields, whereas the fluoro-substituted substrates were influenced to some extent by the ortho- and meta-substitution. The meta-substituted substrates worked well to afford the products in excellent yields (8k, 8l), while the ortho-substituted substrate slowed down the reaction, yielding 8j in 71% yield together with recovery of starting material 7j (25%). Notably, phosphonic monoester 7m bearing a strong electron-withdrawing CF₃ group underwent clean phenylation to give 8m in 92% yield. Naphthyl derivatives also worked well to give the corresponding arylated products 8n and 8o in 87% and 76%, respectively. As shown in Scheme 2, the phenylation of a secondary and a tertiary benzylic substrate was briefly examined and two noteworthy features were found. First, secondary

Table 3. Substrate Scope of Benzyl Phosphoric Acids



^{*a*}The reaction was carried out with Ac-Val-OH (20 mol %), Ag₂O (2 equiv), KHF₂ (1 equiv) in *t*-BuOH at 110 °C for 24 h. ^{*b*}Isolated yield. ^{*c*}1.1 equiv of PhBF₃K was used. ^{*d*}The isolated yield of the recovered starting material.

Scheme 2. Ortho-Phenylation of 10 with PhBF₃K



substrate **10a** underwent smooth phenylation to give **11a** in 88% yield but tertiary substrate **10c** failed probably due to steric hindrance. Second, selective monophenylation at the orthoposition was achieved with **10b**.

To further determine the scope of the method, structurally different potassium aryltrifluoroborates were utilized under the standard conditions (Table 4). Potassium aryltrifluoroborates containing electron-withdrawing groups (F, Cl, CN) reacted with 7b to afford the corresponding ortho-arylated products in high yields (12a-d). In the case of the strong electron-withdrawing CF₃ group, the arylation slowed, yielding 12e (73%) along with recovery of 7b (20%). This catalytic system also effectively promoted the cross-coupling of 7b with boron reagents bearing electron-donating groups (OMe and Me) to provide the desired products in moderate to excellent yields. Although potassium 4-methoxyphenyltrifluoroborate worked as an excellent coupling partner as shown in 12f, the metasubstituted boron reagents slowed the reaction considerably (12g and 12h), probably arising from the steric hindrance of



Table 4. Substrate Scope of Potassium Aryltrifluoroborates

^aThe reaction was carried out with Ac-Val-OH (20 mol %), Ag_2O (2 equiv), and KHF_2 (1 equiv) in *t*-BuOH at 110 °C for 24 h. ^bIsolated yield. ^cIsolated yield of the recovered 7b.

the meta-substituents. Consistent with this observation, the ortho-substituted aryltrifluoroborates could not be used as the coupling partners. Thus, 12j and 12k were not obtained, although 12l was isolated only in 13% yield. Furthermore, potassium vinyl and *n*-butyl trifluoroborate failed to undergo ortho-alkenylation and alkylation under the standard conditions.

To demonstrate further transformations of the ortho-arylated products using the Horner–Wadsworth–Emmons reaction (Scheme 3),^{3,15} **8b** was treated with benzaldehyde using





sodium hydroxide and *n*-tetrabutylammonium bromide in toluene at 35 °C for 15 h to give the desired product 13a in 81% yield. A similar result was also obtained with *p*-chlorobenzaldehyde.

On the basis of the previous studies of Pd(II)-catalyzed C–H arylation reactions,⁹ we envisioned that the process might be promoted by the Pd(II) species I as shown in Scheme 4, which activated C–H bond to generate the palladacyclic complex II with the assistance of phosphonic directing group. Subsequent transmetalation and reductive elimination would afford the ortho-arylated product along with liberation of Pd(0). Reoxidation with silver(I) oxide regenerates the active Pd(II) species I.





CONCLUSION

We have developed a new, efficient method for direct orthoarylation of benzylic phosphonic monoesters using potassium aryltrifluoroborates via Pd(II)-catalyzed C-H activation. The present arylation approach is not influenced significantly by the electronic properties of two coupling partners and would be very useful to prepare various biaryl compounds through further functionalizations using the Horner–Wadsworth– Emmons reactions.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General Methods. A variety of chemical reagents were commercially purchased and used without further purification. Analytical TLC was carried out on precoated plates and visualized with UV light or stained with potassium permanganate. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were measured at 298 K on 400 Fourier transform NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts were reported in δ (ppm), relative to the internal standard of TMS. The signals observed were described as follows: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet). The number of protons (*n*) for a given resonance was indicated as *n*H. Coupling constants are reported as *J* value in hertz. ¹³C NMR is reported as δ (ppm) downfield from TMS and relative to the signal of chloroform-*d* (δ 77.00, triplet). Mass spectrometry was obtained using a Q-tof high resolution mass spectrometer.

General Procedure for Preparation of Dimethyl Benzylic Phosphonates.¹⁶ To a solution of benzylic alcohol (1.0 mmol) in anhydrous toluene (10 mL) were added ZnI_2 (1.5 mmol) and $P(OMe)_3$ (2.0 mmol) under nitrogen. The reaction mixture was heated to 110 °C for 15 h under nitrogen. After being cooled to room temperature, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with diethyl ether (20 mL), washed with 2 N NaOH (2 × 5 mL) and brine, and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified via flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ethyl acetate = 2:1) to afford dimethyl benzylic phosphonate. Spectral data of dimethyl benzylic phosphonates of 1b, 4, 7a–g, 7i–l, 7n, 7o are reported previously.^{7a}

Dimethyl 2-Chloro-3,4-dimethoxybenzylphosphonate. Yield: 229.4 mg, 78%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.12 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 6H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 1H), 3.28 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.8 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 145.7 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 128.9 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 126.1 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz), 122.4 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 110.8 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 60.6, 56.1, 52.8 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, *J* = 140.3 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.2.; IR (film) ν 2953, 2358, 1597, 1490, 1267, 1031, 860, 734.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₇O₅PCl (M + H)⁺ 295.0502, found 295.0504.

Dimethyl 3-(Trifluoromethyl)benzylphosphonate. Yield: 180.0 mg, 67%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.54–7.47 (m, 3H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.24 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 133.1 (d, J = 6.2 Hz), 132.5 (d, J = 9.0 Hz), 131.0 (dd, J = 33.0, 2.2 Hz), 129.1 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 126.4 (dd, J = 6.9, 3.7 Hz), 124.0 (q, J = 270.6 Hz), 123.9 (t, J = 3.7 Hz), 52.9 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 32.8 (d, J = 139.0 Hz), ; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.6; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta -62.7$; IR (film) ν 2956, 1450, 1330, 1126, 1033, 889, 702.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₀H₁₃O₃F₃P (M + H)⁺ 269.0554, found 269.0554.

Dimethyl 1-o-Tolylethylphosphonate. Yield: 171.0 mg, 75%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.48–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.09 (m, 3H), 3.68 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 3H), 3.50–3.48 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 3H), 2.37 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.54 (dd, *J* = 18.7, 7.3 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 136.3 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 136.1 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz), 126.9 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 126.3 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 53.3 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 52.8 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 33.1 (d, *J* = 138.0 Hz), 19.9, 15.8 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 32.9.; IR (film) ν 3051, 2953, 2357, 1462, 1265, 1037, 827, 732.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for $C_{11}H_{18}O_3P$ (M + H)⁺ 229.0994, found 229.0995.

Dimethyl 1-Phenylethylphosphonate. Yield: 154.1 mg, 72%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29–7.23 (m, 4H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 4.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 3H), 3.46 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 3H), 3.14 (dd, *J* = 22.7, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.51 (dd, *J* = 18.5, 7.4 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.68 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 128.60 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 128.54 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 127.18 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 53.04 (dd, *J* = 48.9, 7.1 Hz), 38.08 (d, *J* = 137.8 Hz), 15.54 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 32.1.; IR (film) ν 2954, 1633, 1494, 1454, 1219, 1029,823, 763, 700.; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₆O₃P (M + H)⁺ 215.0837, found 215.0842.

Dimethyl 2-Phenylpropan-2-ylphosphonate. Yield: 157.3 mg, 69%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56–7.54 (m, 2H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.25 (m, 1H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.3 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz), 128.1 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 127.6 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz), 126.8 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 53.4 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 39.3 (d, *J* = 136.4 Hz), 23.9 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 34.6.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1645, 1497, 1231, 1053, 1028, 806, 698.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₁H₁₈O₃P (M + H)⁺ 229.0994, found 229.0992.

General Procedure for Preparation of Methyl Hydrogen Benzylic Phosphonate 7.^{2a} To a solution of dimethyl benzylic phosphonate (0.5 mmol) in SOCl₂ (0.5 mL) was added a catalytic amount of DMF (3.7 mg, 0.05 mmol) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at reflux for 3 h. Excess SOCl₂ was removed, and the residue was diluted with dichloromethane (10 mL). Cool water (1.0 mL) was then added to the solution at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 10 min. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica (dichloromethane/methanol = 20:1) to afford methyl hydrogen benzylic phosphonate 7. The spectral data of 1b, 4, 7a–g, 7i–l, 7n, 7o have been reported previously.^{7a}

Methyl Hydrogen 2-Chloro-3,4-dimethoxybenzylphosphonate (7h). Yield: 122.0 mg, 83%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14–7.06 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.88–3.77 (m, 6H), 3.63–3.58 (m, 3H), 3.28 (s, 1H), 3.23 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.7 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 145.6, 129.1 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 126.1 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz), 122.5 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 110.6 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 60.5, 56.0, 52.2 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.9 (d, *J* = 142.0 Hz),; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.9.; IR (film) ν 2852, 2358, 1635, 1489, 1043, 989.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₅O₅PCl (M + H)⁺ 281.0346, found 281.0343.

Methyl Hydrogen 3-(Trifluoromethyl)benzylphosphonate (7m). Yield: 108.6 mg, 81%, yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (br, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 2H), 7.47–7.38 (m, 2H), 3.55 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 3H), 3.13 (s, 1H), 3.08 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 133.3 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 132.4 (d, J = 9.2 Hz), 130.9 (dd, J = 32.3, 3.1 Hz), 128.9 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 126.5 (dd, J = 6.7, 3.7 Hz), 123.9 (q, J = 272.7 Hz), 123.8 (t, J = 3.6 Hz), 52.0 (d, J = 7.1 Hz), 33.1 (d, J = 141.2 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2987, 1450, 1330, 1167, 1126, 1049, 740, 702.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.1.; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –62.7.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₉H₁₁O₃PF₃ (M + H)⁺ 255.0398, found 255.0397.

Methyl Hydrogen 1-*o***-Tolylethylphosphonate (10a).** Yield: 90.1 mg, 79%, yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22–7.08 (m, 3H), 3.54–3.47 (m, 3H), 3.47–3.36 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.52 (dd, *J* = 18.7, 7.3 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.6 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 136.2 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 130.3 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 127.8 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz), 126.8 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 126.2 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 51.9 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz), 32.9 (d, *J* = 140.0 Hz), 19.9, 15.5 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 34.2.; IR (film) ν 3003, 2250, 1705, 1361, 1223, 1051, 918, 732.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₆O₃P (M + H)⁺ 215.0837, found 215.0836.

Methyl Hydrogen 1-Phenylethylphosphonate (10b). Yield: 73.0 mg, 73%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.02 (br, 1H), 7.34–7.25 (m, 4H), 7.25–7.17 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 3H), 3.12 (dd, *J* = 23.2, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.52 (dd, *J* = 18.7, 7.5 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.8 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 128.7 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz), 128.4 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 127.0 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 52.0 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 37.9 (d, *J* = 140.1 Hz), 15.2 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz). ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 32.7.; IR (film) ν 2953, 2850, 1602, 1494, 1454, 821, 783, 765, 732, 698.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₉H₁₄O₃P (M + H)⁺ 201.0681, found 201.0688.

Methyl Hydrogen 2-Phenylpropan-2-ylphosphonate (10c). Yield: 75.3 mg, 66%, yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.03 (br, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (ddd, *J* = 7.1, 3.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.23–7.13 (m, 2H), 3.59 (d, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 3H), 3.06 (s, 1H), 3.01 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.3, 128.0, 127.7 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz), 126.6, 52.2 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 38.5 (d, *J* = 140.1 Hz), 23.6.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 35.7.; IR (film) ν 3053, 2985, 1419, 1265, 1047, 976, 895, 739, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₀H₁₆O₃P (M + H)⁺ 215.0837, found 215.0841.

Pd(TFA)₂-Catalyzed Reaction of Benzylic Phosphonic Monoester 1b with Diphenyliododium Triflate. To a mixture of benzylic phosphonic monoester 1b (20.0 mg, 0.1 mmol) and Ph₂IOTf (64.5 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (1.5 mL) was added Pd(TFA)₂ (3.3 mg, 0.01 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at 110 °C for 15 h in a sealed vial and then cooled to room temperature. The crude mixture was filtered through a cotton plug to remove the solid residues, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude mixture was diluted with EtOAc (1 mL) and washed with aqueous Na₂S₂O₃ (1 mL). The aqueous layer was further extracted with EtOAc (3 mL × 3), and the combined organic layer was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (dichloromethane/acetone = 20:1) to afford the O-phenylated product 3b (6.9 mg, 25%) and the starting material 1b (12.0 mg, 60%).

Methyl Phenyl 2-Methylbenzylphosphonate (3b). Yield: 6.9 mg, 25%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.21–7.11 (m, 4H), 7.10–7.06 (m, 2H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 3H), 3.38 (s, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.7 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz), 137.1 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz), 130.6 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 129.2 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz), 127.4 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 126.2 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 124.8, 120.3 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz), 53.4 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 30.7 (d, *J* = 139.1 Hz), 20.0; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 24.7.; IR (film) ν 2958, 1591, 1489, 1261, 1205, 1041, 927, 802.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₈O₃P (M + H)⁺ 277.0994, found 277.0992.

Typical Procedure for the Ortho-Arylation of Benzylic Phosphonic Monoester 7a. To a mixture of benzylic phosphonic monoester 7a (21.5 mg, 0.1 mmol) and PhBF₃K (50.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) in *tert*-butyl alcohol (1.5 mL) were added PdCl₂(PEt₃)₂ (4.2 mg, 0.01 mmol), Ac-Val-OH (3.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), KHF₂ (7.8 mg, 0.1 mmol), and Ag₂O (46.4 mg, 0.2 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at 110 °C for 24 h in a sealed vial. After the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C, EtOAc (10 mL) and 2.0 N HCl solution (1 mL) were added. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine, it was dried

over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to yield the crude product, which was subjected to silica gel column chromatography (dichloromethane/acetone = 10:1) to get the acid. The crude acid was dissolved in diethyl ether and treated with an excess amount of CH_2N_2 in diethyl ether at room temperature for 0.5 h. Diethyl ether was evaporated under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by passing through silica gel flash column (dichloromethane/acetone = 20:1) to afford **8a** (27.6 mg, 91%).

Dimethyl (3-Methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (2c). Yield: 23.6 mg, 81%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46–7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 (dd, J = 7.2, 5.5 Hz, 3H), 7.19 (dd, J = 4.0, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.08–7.05 (m, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.36 (s, 1H), 3.31 (s, 1H), 2.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.3 (d, J = 6.4 Hz), 142.1, 138.1 (d, J = 5.5 Hz), 129.8 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 129.6, 128.4 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 128.1, 127.8 (d, J = 3.1 Hz), 127.0 (s), 126.7 (d, J = 4.1 Hz), 52.3 (d, J = 6.9 Hz), 27.4 (d, J = 137.5 Hz), 20.9 (d, J = 1.4 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.0; IR (film) ν 2953, 1462, 1252, 1055, 1029, 888, 839,704.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₃P (M + H)⁺ 291.1150, found 291.1148.

Dimethyl (3,5-Dimethylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8a). Yield: 27.6 mg, 91%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (dd, J = 10.2, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dd, J = 7.1, 5.2 Hz, 3H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.39 (s, 3H), 3.32 (s, 1H), 3.26 (s, 1H), 2.46 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 2.30 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 142.2, 137.9 (d, J = 5.4 Hz), 136.2 (d, J = 4.2 Hz), 130.7 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 129.5, 129.2 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 128.1, 126.9, 124.5 (d, J = 10.0 Hz), 52.3 (d, J = 6.9 Hz), 27.0 (d, J = 137.8 Hz), 20.8 (d, J = 5.7 Hz); ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1472, 1251, 1055, 1029, 819, 779, 704.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₃P (M + H)⁺ 305.1307, found 305.1308.

Dimethyl (4-Methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8b). Yield: 25.0 mg, 86%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45–7.32 (m, 6H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 139.8 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 137.2 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 131.1 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 129.6, 128.2, 127.8 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 127.0, 52.6 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.3 (d, *J* = 138.1 Hz), 21.1.; IR (film) ν 2954, 1458, 1257, 1057, 1031, 867, 761, 704.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₃P (M + H)⁺ 291.1150, found 291.1152.

Dimethyl Biphenyl-2-ylmethylphosphonate (8c). Yield: 14.1 mg, 51%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57–7.52 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.33 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.24 (s, 1H), 3.18 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.6 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 141.1, 130.5 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz), 130.5 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 129.5, 128.7 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 128.3, 127.5 (d, *J* = 138.3 Hz), 127.2, 127.0 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, *J* = 138.3 Hz), IR (film) ν 2953, 1481, 1254, 1051, 1030, 858, 746, 704.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₈O₃P (M + H)⁺ 277.0994, found 277.0994.

Dimethyl (3-Phenylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (9c). Yield: 5.3 mg, 15%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46–7.40 (m, 8H), 7.37–7.33 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.30 (m, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (s, 1H), 3.39 (s, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 3.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.7 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 142.1, 130.0 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 129.7, 128.2, 127.1, 126.9 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz), 126.6 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 51.8 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 27.0 (d, *J* = 136.3 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.7.; IR (film) ν 2951, 1456, 1256, 1057, 1032, 868,761, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₂O₃P (M + H)⁺ 353.1307, found 353.1304.

Dimethyl (3-Methoxybiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8d). Yield: 27.6 mg, 90%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44–7.38 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 3H), 7.239–7.239 (m, 1H), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 16.7, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.35 (s, 1H), 3.30 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.7 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz), 144.0 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 141.2, 129.5, 128.1, 127.5 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 127.1, 122.9 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 118.5 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz), 109.4 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 55.7, 52.2 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz), 24.1 (d, *J* = 138.3 Hz).;

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IR (film) ν 2953, 1573, 1470, 1260, 1032, 886, 764, 706.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.8.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₄P (M + H)⁺ 307.1099, found 307.1092.

Dimethyl (4-Methoxybiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8e). Yield: 26.1 mg, 85%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 1H), 3.16 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.8, 140.8, 135.2 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 129.9 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz), 129.7, 128.3, 126.9, 115.5 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz), 112.9 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 55.4, 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.6 (d, *J* = 138.1 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1608, 1485, 1234, 1030, 712, 705.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₄P (M + H)⁺ 307.1099, found 307.1097.

Dimethyl (3-Chlorobiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8f). Yield: 25.8 mg, 83%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (s, 1H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 3.41 (s, 1H),; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8 (d, J = 6.1 Hz), 140.9, 135.3 (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 129.4, 129.2 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 128.9 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 128.3, 127.7 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 127.5, 52.4 (d, J = 6.7 Hz), 28.1 (d, J = 138.3 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2953, 1562, 1452, 1265, 1031, 870, 793, 164, 704.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.5.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃PCl (M + H)⁺ 311.0604, found 311.0608.

Dimethyl (4-Chlorobiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8g). Yield: 25.5 mg, 82%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J = 7.9, 6.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (ddd, J = 8.3, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 3H), 7.30–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.19 (s, 1H), 3.13 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 139.9, 133.3 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 131.7 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 130.8 (d, J = 8.8 Hz), 130.2 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 129.4, 128.4, 127.5, 127.2 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 52.8 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, J = 138.7 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.4.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1635, 1476, 1252, 1030, 888, 809, 704.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃PCl (M + H)⁺ 311.0604, found 311.0607.

Dimethyl (3-Chloro-4,5-dimethoxybiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8h). Yield: 34.4 mg, 93%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48–7.40 (m, 2H), 7.39–7.31 (m, 3H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.43 (s, 1H), 3.37 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.9 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 144.9, 141.1 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 139.5 (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 129.8 (d, J = 6.0 Hz), 129.5, 128.3, 127.5, 120.9 (d, J = 10.5 Hz), 113.1 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 60.6, 56.1, 52.3 (d, J = 6.7 Hz), 27.9 (d, J = 139.5 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.0.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1562, 1487, 1349, 1273, 1031, 886, 704.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀O₅PClNa (M + Na)⁺ 393.0635, found 393.0630.

Dimethyl (5-Chlorobiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8i). Yield: 14.6 mg, 47%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.41–7.28 (m, 5H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 3.12 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.2 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 139.8, 132.7 (d, J = 4.2 Hz), 131.8 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 130.3 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 129.3, 128.4, 127.7, 127.6 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 127.4 (d, J = 8.7 Hz), 52.7 (d, J = 6.7 Hz), 28.9 (d, J = 138.8 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.7.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1636. 1472, 1250, 1057, 1031, 864, 806, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃PCl (M + H)⁺ 311.0604, found 311.0600.

Dimethyl (5-Chloro-3-phenylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (9i). Yield: 4.6 mg, 12%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 (dd, *J* = 17.0, 7.0 Hz, 10H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 1H), 3.32 (s, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 3.16 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.2 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz), 140.8, 132.2 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 129.7 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 129.5, 128.3, 127.5, 125.8 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz), 51.9 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 26.6 (d, *J* = 136.8 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2954, 1636, 1570, 1423, 1265, 1058, 1034, 736, 702.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.1.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₁H₂₁O₃PCl (M + H)⁺ 387.0917, found 387.0917.

Dimethyl (3-Fluorobiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8j). Yield: 21.0 mg, 71%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (dd, J = 10.2, 4.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (ddd, J = 4.6, 3.3, 2.2 Hz, 3H), 7.23–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.00 (dd, *J* = 16.4, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.25 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3(dd, *J* = 246.9, 5.9 Hz), 144.8 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 140.0, 129.4, 128.3, 128.1 (dd, *J* = 9.3, 3.8 Hz), 127.5, 126.2 (t, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 117.5 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 10.1 Hz), 114.3 (dd, *J* = 22.8, 3.5 Hz), 52.5 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 23.5 (dd, *J* = 139.4, 3.3 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.8 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz).; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –113.3 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2953, 1636, 1464, 1265, 1032, 902, 736, 702.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃PF (M + H)⁺ 295.0899, found 295.0899.

Dimethyl (4-Fluorobiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8k). Yield: 23.6 mg, 80%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 12.8, 7.3 Hz, 3H), 7.23 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.20 (s, 1H), 3.14 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.9 (d, *J* = 242.4 Hz), 140.1, 138.7 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 4.8 Hz), 131.9 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 2.8 Hz), 131.0 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 129.6, 128.4, 127.4, 117.0 (dd, *J* = 22.3, 4.8 Hz), 114.0 (dd, *J* = 21.1, 3.4 Hz), 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 29.6 (d, *J* = 138.6 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.5 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz).; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –114.9 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2955, 1609, 1483, 1252, 1031, 956, 816, 708.; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₅H₁₇O₃PF (M + H)⁺ 295.0899, found 295.0898.

Dimethyl (4-Fluoro-5-methoxybiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8l). Yield: 26.3 mg, 81%; yellow liqui; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (dd, J = 9.1, 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.11 (s, 1H), 3.05 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.4 (dd, J = 246.1, 3.8 Hz), 146.2 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.3 Hz), 140.4, 139.4–13.0 (m), 129.5, 128.4, 127.5, 121.3 (dd, J = 9.0, 6.8 Hz), 117.7 (dd, J = 19.1, 4.5 Hz), 115.4, 56.3, 52.7 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 28.7 (d, J = 139.5 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –136.7 (d, J = 2.5 Hz).; IR (film) ν 2955, 1636, 1516, 1232, 1034, 830, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₄P F (M + H)⁺ 325.1005, found 325.1010.

Dimethyl (4-(Trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8m). Yield: 31.7 mg, 92%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49–7.35 (m, 6H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.26 (s, 1H), 3.20 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.2 (d, J = 9.2 Hz), 139.8, 131.0 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 130.1 (d, J = 8.8 Hz), 129.2, 128.5, 127.9, 127.5–127.0 (m), 123.7 (t, J = 3.6 Hz), 52.8 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 29.5 (d, J = 138.8 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 28.1.; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –62.5.; IR (film) ν 2954, 1636, 1332, 1126, 1032, 899, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₇O₃PF₃ (M + H)⁺ 345.0866, found 345.0867.

Dimethyl (2-PhenyInaphthalen-1-yl)methylphosphonate (**8n**). Yield: 28.5 mg, 87%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.89–7.84 (m, 1H), 7.83–7.77 (m, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.50–7.42 (m, 6H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 6.1, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 3.39 (s, 1H), 3.33 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 140.7 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 132.6 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 132.3 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 129.7, 129.5 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz), 129.3, 128.3, 127.5 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz), 127.3, 127.1 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz), 126.2, 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.5 (d, *J* = 138.4 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1636, 1497, 1265, 1057, 1034, 815, 736, 702.; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₀O₃P (M + H)⁺ 327.1150, found 327.1148.

Dimethyl (3-Phenylnaphthalen-2-yl)methylphosphonate (**80**). Yield: 24.8 mg, 76%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.90–7.84 (m, 1H), 7.82–7.79 (m, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.50–7.44 (m, 6H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.39 (s, 1H), 3.34 (s, 1H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 140.7 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz), 132.6 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 132.3 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 129.7, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 127.5 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz), 127.1, 127.0, 126.3, 126.2, 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.5 (d, *J* = 138.5 Hz),; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.1.; IR (film) ν 3055, 2953, 2237, 1409, 1246, 1031, 910, 731, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₉H₂₀O₃P (M + H)⁺ 327.1150, found 327.1143.

Dimethyl 1-(3-Methylbiphenyl-2-yl)ethylphosphonate (11a). Yield: 26.9 mg, 88%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42–7.35 (m, 4H), 7.18–7.16 (m, 3H), 7.04–7.03 (m, 1H), 3.75– 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.55 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 3H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 3H), 2.70 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.53 (dd, *J* = 18.4, 7.5 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz), 142.7, 138.5 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 133.8 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz), 131.6 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 129.8, 128.1 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz), 127.9, 127.0, 126.4 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 52.8 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 52.2 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 34.6 (d, *J* = 138.0 Hz), 21.5, 14.4 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 32.8; IR (film) ν 2953, 1630, 1458, 1238, 1036, 820, 702.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₃P (M + H)⁺ 305.1307, found 305.1309.

Dimethyl 1-(Biphenyl-2-yl)ethylphosphonate (11b). Yield: 23.8 mg, 82%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45–7.28 (m, 7H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 3H), 3.50 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 3H), 3.55–3.39 (m, 1H), 1.49 (dd, *J* = 18.7, 7.3 Hz, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.2 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz), 141.2, 135.7 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz), 130.3 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 129.3, 128.3, 128.4 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz), 128.3, 127.7 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 126.8 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 52.9 (dd, *J* = 60.5, 7.1 Hz), 33.3 (d, *J* = 138.8 Hz), 17.2 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz).; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 33.0; IR (film) ν 2953, 1741, 1494, 1234, 1058, 1031, 825, 775, 750, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₂₀O₃P (M + H)⁺ 291.1150, found 219.1156.

Dimethyl (4'-Fluoro-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12a). Yield: 28.7 mg, 93%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 5.5 Hz, 3H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 11.3, 6.1 Hz, 4H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.15 (s, 1H), 3.10 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1 (d, *J* = 246.1 Hz), 138.7 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 137.4 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 137.0 (s), 131.2 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 131.1 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 128.5 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 115.1 (d, *J* = 21.2 Hz), 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, *J* = 138.5 Hz), 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.3; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –115.7 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 1R (film) ν 2955, 1634, 1489, 1223, 1159, 1032, 816, 735.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₃PF (M + H)⁺ 309.1056, found 309.1053.

Dimethyl (3'-Fluoro-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12b). Yield: 27.5 mg, 89%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.10 (m, 3H), 7.10– 7.05 (m, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 3.12 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6 (d, *J* = 246.3 Hz), 143.3 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 138.5 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 137.7 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 131.2 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 130.2 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 129.7 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 128.4 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 127.9 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 125.4 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 116.6 (d, *J* = 21.4 Hz), 113.9 (d, *J* = 20.9 Hz), 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, *J* = 138.5 Hz), 21.2.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2.; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –113.2.; IR (film) ν 2956, 1614, 1585, 1265, 1186, 1057, 1031, 852, 736.; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₃PF (M + H)⁺ 309.1056, found 309.1053.

Dimethyl (4'-Chloro-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12c). Yield: 30.9 mg, 95%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 3H), 7.11 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.15 (s, 1H), 3.09 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.5, 138.6 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 137.6 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 133.1, 131.2 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 130.9, 130.3 (d, J = 2.8 Hz), 128.4, 127.9 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 52.7 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, J = 138.6 Hz), 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.2; IR (film) ν 2953, 1636, 1481, 1250, 1057, 1031, 815, 735.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₃PCl (M + H)⁺ 325.0760, found 325.0760.

Dimethyl (3'-Cyano-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12d). Yield: 28.8 mg, 91%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25–7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.07 (s, 1H), 3.02 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 140.3, 139.3 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 137.6 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 132.7, 132.1, 131.8 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz), 130.1 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 129.3, 128.9, 128.1 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 127.3, 53.0 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz), 30.3 (d, *J* = 138.8 Hz), 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.8; IR (film) ν 2958, 1635, 1506, 1265, 1057, 1032, 812, 736; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₁₇H₁₉NO₃P (M + H)⁺ 316.1103, found 316.1096.

Dimethyl (4-Methyl-4'-(trifluoromethyl)biphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12e). Yield: 26.2 mg, 73%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.14 (s, 1H), 3.08 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.8, 138.4 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 138.0 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 131.3 (d, J = 5.0 Hz), 130.2 (d, J = 2.5 Hz), 130.0, 125.2 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 52.7 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 29.5 (d, J = 138.8 Hz), 21.2; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.0; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta -62.4$; IR (film) ν 2955, 1635, 1618, 1325, 1166, 1124, 1031, 817, 736; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₉O₃PF₃ (M + H)⁺ 359.1024, found 359.1021.

Dimethyl (4'-Methoxy-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12f). Yield: 29.5 mg, 92%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.30–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.97–6.93 (m, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.20 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.7, 139.5, 136.9 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 133.5, 131.0 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 130.6, 130.5 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 128.6 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 127.8 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 113.7, 55.3, 52.7 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.3 (d, *J* = 138.2 Hz), 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.6.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1610, 1493, 1246, 1057, 1034, 812, 735.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₄P (M + H)⁺ 321.1256, found 321.1259.

Dimethyl (3'-Methoxy-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12g). Yield: 24.4 mg, 76%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (dd, J = 13.4, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (t, J = 10.7 Hz, 2H), 6.96–6.88 (m, 3H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 1H), 3.16 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H),; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.4, 142.5, 139.7 (d, J = 10.4 Hz), 137.3, 131.0 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 130.3, 129.2, 128.4 (d, J = 8.6 Hz), 127.8 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 122.0, 115.1, 112.9, 55.3, 52.7 (d, J = 6.8 Hz), 29.3 (d, J = 138.3 Hz), 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.6.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1636, 1479, 1223, 1055, 1030, 810, 736, 706.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₄P (M + H)⁺ 321.1256, found 321.1255.

Dimethyl (3',4-Dimethylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12h). Yield: 21.7 mg, 71%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 1H), 7.19–7.08 (m, 5H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.21 (s, 1H), 3.15 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 6H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 139.9 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 137.8, 137.1 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 131.0 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 130.4, 130.3 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 128.1, 127.7 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 127.7, 126.6, 52.6 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz), 29.3 (d, *J* = 137.9 Hz), 21.5, 21.1; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1634, 1614, 1456, 1250, 1056, 1032, 844, 735, 710; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₁₇H₂₂O₃P (M + H)⁺ 305.1307, found 305.1308.

Dimethyl 5-Methyl-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)benzylphosphonate (12i). Yield: 30.0 mg, 88%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94–7.81 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.47 (m, 3H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.24 (s, 1H), 3.18 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.7 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 138.6, 137.3 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz), 133.3, 132.3, 131.1 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz), 130.6 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz), 128.6 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 128.3, 128.0, 127.9, 127.9, 127.8, 127.7, 126.3, 126.0, 52.6 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 29.4 (d, *J* = 138.2 Hz), 21.2; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.5.; IR (film) ν 2953, 1636, 1491, 1265, 1057, 1032, 895, 800, 735, 704.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₃P (M + H)⁺ 341.1307, found 341.1303.

Dimethyl (2'-Fluoro-4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (12l). Yield: 4.0 mg, 13%; yellow liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16– 7.10 (m, 3H), 3.56 (t, J = 13.5 Hz, 6H), 3.13 (d, J = 19.3 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.5 (d, J = 245.9 Hz), 138.0 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 133.1 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 132.2, 131.1 (d, J = 5.1 Hz), 130.7, 129.7 (d, J = 9.0 Hz), 129.3 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 128.3 (d, J = 17.6 Hz), 127.9 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 124.1 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 115.7 (d, J = 22.5 Hz), 52.6, 29.7 (d, J = 138.4 Hz), 21.2.; ³¹P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.1.; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –115.0.; IR (film) ν 2955, 1483, 1446, 1254, 1057, 1032, 814, 762.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₉O₃PF (M + H)⁺ 309.1056, found 309.1050.

Typical Procedure for the Horner–Wadsworth–Emmons Reactions.^{15c} To a mixture of dimethyl (4-methylbiphenyl-2-yl)methylphosphonate (8b) (29.1 mg, 0.1 mmol), n-Bu₄NBr (6.4 mg, 0.02 mmol), and solid NaOH (6.4 mg, 0.02 mmol) in anhydrous toluene (5.0 mL) at room temperature was added a toluene solution (1 mL) of benzaldehyde (12.7 mg, 0.12 mmol), and the mixture was vigorously stirred at 35 °C for 15 h under nitrogen. After completion

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of the reaction, H_2O (1 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (2 × 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica (100:1 hexane/ethyl acetate) to provide compound **13a** (21.9 mg, 81%).

(*E*)-4-Methyl-2-styrylbiphenyl (13a). Yield: 21.9 mg, 81%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (s, 1H), 7.47–7.33 (m, 7H), 7.30 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 23.5, 8.1 Hz, 3H), 7.07 (q, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.9, 138.5, 137.7, 137.2, 135.2, 130.2, 129.9, 129.2, 128.6, 128.4, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 126.9, 126.9, 126.5, 21.2.; IR (film) ν 3024, 2922, 1598, 1261, 1072, 964, 908, 819, 769, 721, 700.; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calcd for C₂₁H₁₉ (M + H)⁺ 271.1487, found 271.1487.

(E)-2-(4-Chlorostyryl)-4-methylbiphenyl (13b). Yield: 23.7 mg, 78%, colorless liquid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.48–7.32 (m, 5H), 7.31–7.23 (m, 5H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, J = 38.9, 16.3 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.8, 138.6, 137.2, 136.2, 134.8, 133.0, 130.3, 129.9, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 127.0, 126.4, 21.2.; IR (film) ν 3024, 2922, 1486, 1089, 1010, 964, 908, 812, 761, 732, 702.; HRMS (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₁H₁₈Cl (M + H)⁺ 305.1097, found 305.1091.

ASSOCIATED CONTENT

S Supporting Information

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at http://pubs.acs.org.

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Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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